

FINPRO: Legal Outlook - Safety

Presentation By

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- The reach of OHS law
- Current issues
 - Psychosocial hazards
 - Councillor behaviour
 - Contractor Management



General Principles of OHS Law

Significant duty

'The importance of health and safety requires that employees, other persons at work and members of the public be given the highest level of protection against risks to their health and safety that is reasonably practicable in the circumstances.'

Active regulator

WorkSafe – wide powers and remit

Broad public safety remit, especially in this sector

Arises from the 'conduct of Council's undertaking'
Not necessary that Council creates the risk
Applies to duties to volunteers, customers, passerby's,
members of the public

"Officer" liability

Applies to CEO and Executive Team
Workplace Manslaughter
Issues about Councillor liability for their conduct due to
drafting of the relevant provisions

Approach to OH&S duties

 Risk based approach



Not the same thing as psychological safety

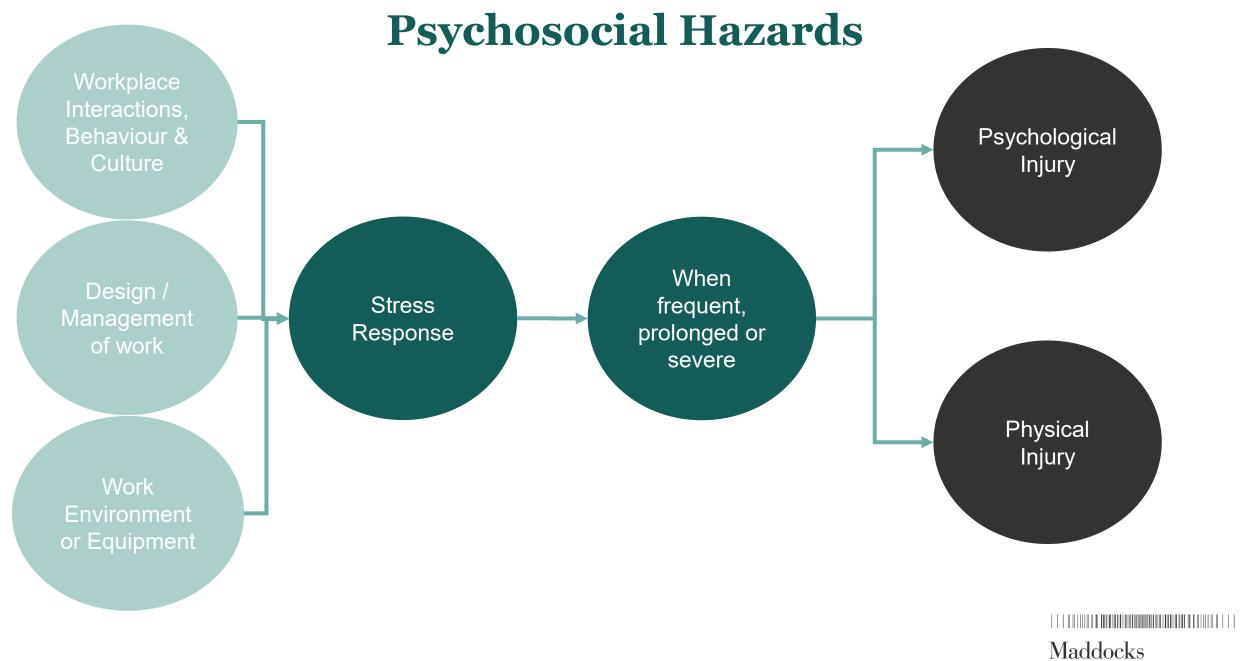
What are Psychosocial Hazards & Risks?

What are psychosocial hazards?

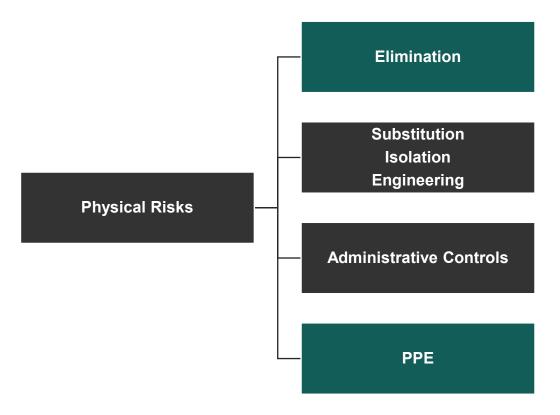
- High Job Demands
- Fatigue
- Bullying
- Sexual harassment
- Exposure to traumatic events or content/Vicarious Trauma
- Poor leadership practices & workplace culture
- Poor support/Poor organisational justice
- Exposure to occupational violence/threats

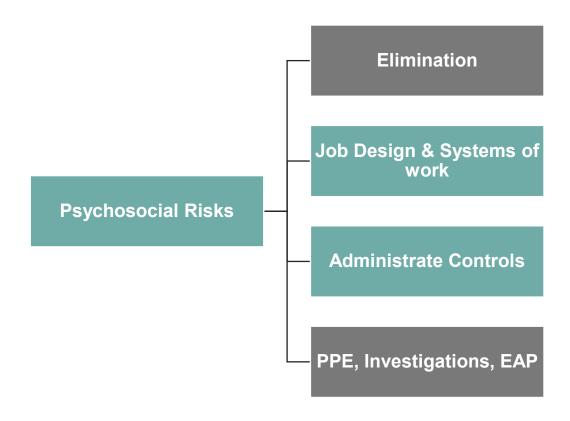
- Alcohol/Drug use
- Poor physical health
- Low job demands
- Low job control
- Low role clarity
- Remote or isolated work
- Poor organisational change management
- Low recognition and reward





Hierarchy of Control





Councillors

Liability depends on Council breaching the Act

Issues

Increase in uncivil behavior

Staff unprepared to accept such behavior

Increasing polarization and inability to accept opposing views

Measures

Risk assessments and graduated responses

Staff/Councillor interaction protocols

'Grey Rock' training

WorkSafe/Fair Work Commission

Contractor Management

Council duty for contractors (and subcontractors) so far as is reasonably practicable

What is the issue:

- A WorkSafe view that Council must actively supervise work
- Contractual provisions that give Council a high degree of control
- Collection of documents and no audit
 - SWMS for the wrong job and date
- Difficulty in one-size fits all approach when dealing with smaller contractors
- Misunderstanding of role of Principal Contractors



Contractor Management

Standard contract

Council – what does the contract say about supervision, audit, direction? What are the practices of contract managers?

Head Contractor - What does the contract say about how the work is done?

Sub Contractors – What does the contract say about how the work is done?

High Risk Construction work over \$350K

Principal Contractor – Owner unless other party appointed. Responsible for Health and Safety Coordinator Plan, Induction, Signage

Sub Contractors



Maddocks

Questions

Procurement



What do you ask

for? What do you

What do you share?

Principal Contractor

do with it?

What do you

Appointment of

record?



Approach to:

- Right to direct work
- Request for documents/Audit
- Checking/Right to request



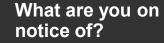
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Directions and Control



Contract supervision

Audit and Inspection



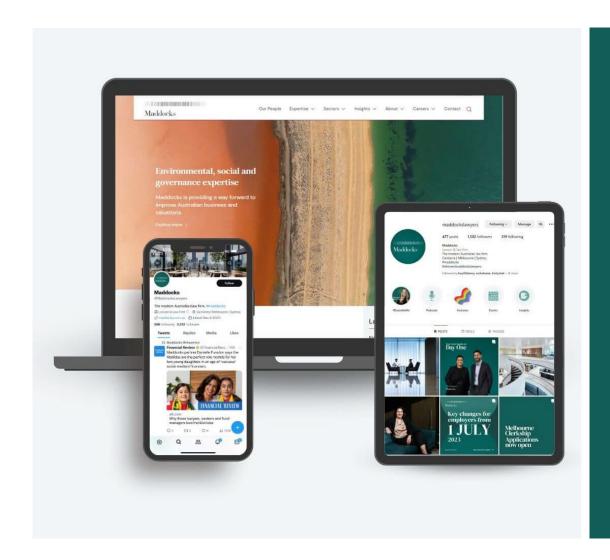








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